# splpIl sErfEs DIGITFIL FIIPLIFIERS IECREAIIONAL. POWERSPORT. MARINE. 



# SRPITROO.2D[W] / SRPITROOMD[W] SRPIITSO.ID[T]/SRPIIIOOO.ID[T] SRPIIIOO.SD[T] 

## USER MANUAL

## Introduction

Cerwin Vega Mobile Amplifiers
Thank you for purchasing a Cerwin Vega Mobile amplifier for your car audio system. You have chosen Cerwin Vega Mobile because you deserve the best!

Cerwin Vega Mobile amplifiers are designed and engineered to the highest quality standards in the industry to create the ultimate listening experience in your vehicle. For optimal performance of this product, it is highly recommended that you have your new amplifier installed by an authorized Cerwin Vega Mobile dealer. Our authorized dealers have the necessary experience and installation equipment to ensure that your amplifier will deliver maximum performance and explain all the details pertaining to our warranty coverage as well.

If you decide to install the amplifier by yourself, please thoroughly read through this manual before getting started. This manual will help familiarize yourself with this amplifier and guide you through the installation process and procedures.

Please contact your local authorized Cerwin Vega Mobile dealer if you have any questions regarding the instructions in this manual or the amplifier's operation capabilities. If you require additional assistance, please contact the Cerwin Vega Mobile Technical Support Department during business hours at 213-212-3187.

WARNING: Prolonged exposure to sound pressure levels in excess of 100 dB can cause permanent hearing loss.
Cerwin Vega Mobile amplifiers can exceed that level so please exercise restraint when listening and enioying your new amplifier.

## GENERAL PRECAUTIONS

-This unit is designed for negative ground $12 \mathrm{~V} D$ operation only.
-Total system impedance must not be less than 2ohms, in a bridged OR stereo configuration
-Avoid installing the unit where:

- It would be subject to high temperatures, such as from direct sunlight or hot air from the heater.
- It would be exposed to rain or moisture.
- It would be subject to dust or dirt.
-Do not cover the unit with carpet or wires.
-Do not use the unit with a weak auto battery. Optimum performance depends on a normal battery supply voltage.
-For safety reasons, keep the volume of your car audio system moderate while driving your vehicle so that you can still hear normal traffic sounds outside your car.
-There is NO speaker level input connector, you can cut RCA's and solder the wires and connect directly thru low level input(RCA)


## MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

Although Cerwin Vega Mobile amplifiers incorporate heat sinks and protection circuits, mounting the amplifier in a tight space without any air movement can still damage internal circuitry over time. Choose a location that provides adequate ventilation around the amplifier. For easy system set-up, mount the amplifier so the side panel controls will be accessible after installation. To increase thermal run times on low impedance loads, an additional fan is recommended, remember any moving air across the amplifier will reduce heat.
In addition, observe the following precautions:

1. Using a felt pen mark the mounting hole locations.
2. Mounting the amplifier on carpet will significantly reduce air flow, resulting in reduced thermal run times.
3. Mount the amplifier on a solid sufface. Avoid mounting to sub woofer enclosures or areas prone to vibration. Do not install the amplifier on plastic or other combustible materials.
4. Prior to mounting the amplifier, make sure not to cut or drill into the fuel tank, fuel lines, brake lines (under chassis) or electrical wiring.

## WIRING PRECAUTIONS

1. Before installation, make sure the source unit power swith is in the OFF position.
2. Disconnect the negative (-) lead of the battery before making any power connections.
3. When making connections, be sure that each one is clean and secure. Insulate all of your connections. Failure to do so may damage your equipment.
4. A secure clean ground connection is critical to the performance of your amplifier. Connect the ground directly to the car chassis to minimize resistance and avoid any noise problems.
5. Add an external fuse on the amplifier's positive ( + ) power lead and connect it as close as possible to the vehicle's ( + ) battery terminal. Use a rating that equals the total current consumption at full output of all amplifiers in the system. This external fuse will protect the vehide from short circuits that can cause a fire.

## Features



SRPMTア00ツD

SRPMTRSO.ID


## Functions

Status LED's — These lights indicate when the amplifier is powered up normally and when there is a protection fault. The Protect LED is illuminated when there is a problem with your amplifier. Please contact your authorize CVM dealer or call CVM's technical support.

Input Gain Adjustment (SENS) — This control matches the preamp stage of the Cerwin Vega Mobile amplifier to your source unit. This is NOT a volume control. The range is between approx. 0.2 mV to 10 V . It can ALSO handle speaker inputs of less than 25 watts RMS (typical OEM headunits are LESS than 25 W RMS...but NOT all)

Input Configuration - This switch parallels the input circuit if you are using a single stereo paid of outputs from your headunit or from an auxiliary device (like a Smartphone, etc). The 5 channel model (SRPMIO00.5D) is set up to accept $2 / 4 /$ and 5 channels of input.

Turn-On Mode Switch — This switch allow you to configure the "Turn-On Mode" swith for desired turn-on trigger. There are 3 modes available are REM, $D C$ and VOX. 1- (REM) is the standard $12 V$ trigger wire, 2 - (DC) or DC offset, when connected high level in, will sense differences in ground in your wiring through the speaker leads and turn on amplifier, 3 - VOX (signal sensing) will sense any kind of signal input into the amplifier RCA turning on the amplifier. Select VOX when using any Cerwin-Vega Mobile Bluetooth Controller.

PreAmp Output Select - This switch allow you to select from which input you will use to be the ouput signal to the next amplifier in the signal chain. For example for a 4 channel to a mono block to make a front/rear/sub system minimizing long RCA cables.

Crossover Selection Switch - This switch allow you to select the crossover function. HPF (High Pass Filter) LPF (Low Pass Filter) or FIAT (no filter), HPF is for filtering out bass for midrange/mid bass drivers. LPF is for filktering out hogh frequencies for subwoofers The range of adjustment is limited between $40-400 \mathrm{~Hz} \odot 12 \mathrm{~dB}$ per octave (SRPM750/1000.1D/1100.5D is $30-300 \mathrm{~Hz} \odot 12 \mathrm{~dB}$ per octave).

(7)
Crossover Frequency Adjustment - Use this adjustment to select the crossover point LPF/FLLT/ or HPF. Remember that you must select the crossover function FIRST to get any adjustment. The range of adjustment is limited between $40-400 \mathrm{~Hz}$ (SRPM1 100.5 D is $30-300 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ).
(8) Output Clipping Indicator - This light indicates that the output of the amplifier is chipping. Use this light to help set goins.

Bass EQ - This control adds 0 to +12 dB of Bass boost at whatever BASS frequency has been chosen (40-100hZ). Be cautious when adding boost to some subwoofer systems as they may not be able to handle the additional low frequency boost.

RCA Input - The RCA jacks allow for a normal Left and Right channel signal input. Simply connect to the source unit using RCA type audio cables, keeping them away from power wiring wherever possible to reduce risk of noise.

RCA Output - The RCA jacks allow for a normal Left and Right channel signal pass thru to a secondary amplifier. This is ONLY on the SRPM700.2D and SRPM700.4D

Sub-Sonic Adjustment - This control allows you to remove the unwanted sub-sonic frequencies below the tuning frequency of a ported endosure.
This helps to protect the woofer from over excursion.
Phase - This control gives the installer a unique feature that allows the variable adjusment of phase 0-180 degrees to compensate for subwoofer placement. Allowing the subwoofer to sound like it's placed in the front of the vehide instead of the trunk.

Remote Level Control - All SRPM amplifers(except SRPM700.4D) have this port for the remote level control (induded). The control is intended to allow the user to control the level of gain up to the maximum adjustment level see on the amplifier for the subwoofer output. The control does not add additional boost, it only attenuates the setting that is fixed at the amplifier's control panel.

Speaker Output Terminals - Connect your speakers to these terminals. Stereo connections are connected as labeled. Bridged connections use the LEFT + and RIGHT - as the two connections. The 2 and 4 channel amplifiers will perform into 20 hm stereo loads or 40 hm bridged loads. DO NOT run 2 Ohm bridged loads on these amplifiers! The mono blocks will run I ohm mono.

Power Input Connections - These connections are for input power, chassis ground, and remote turn-on. Use a minimum of
8 gauge wiring for power and ground connections. 4 Guage is recommended for the mono block. The terminals will handle up to 8 gauge wiring with no problem whatsoever(4 guage on the mono block). Be sure any wiring that passes through metal has a grommet!



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Turn-On Mode Switch — This switch allow you to configure the "Turn-On Mode" swith for desired turn-on trigger. There are 3 modes available
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Speaker Output Terminals - Connect your speakers to these terminals. Stereo connections are connected as labeled. Bridged connections use the LEF + and RIGHT - as the two connections. The 2 and 4 channel amplifiers will perform into 2 Ohm stereo loads or 40 hm bridged loads. DO NOT run 2 hm bridged loads on these amplifiers! The mono blocks will run 1 ohm mono.

Power Input Connections - These connections are for input power, chassis ground, and remote turn-on. Use a minimum of
8 gauge wiring for power and ground connections. 4 Guage is recommended for the mono block. The terminals will handle up to 8 gauge wiring with no problem whatsoever(4 guage on the mono block). Be sure any wiring that passes through metal has a grommet!

## VEHICLE ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

Amplifiers (regardless of brand name) will put an increased load on the vehicle's battery and charging system. Cerwin Vega Mobile recommends checking your alternator and battery condition to ensure that the electrical system has enough capacity to handle the increased load of your stereo system. Original equipment electrical systems which are in good condition should be able to handle the extra load of any CVM amplifier without problems, although battery and alternator life can be reduced depending on your individual listening habits. To maximize the performance of your amplifier, we suggest the use of a reserve power "Stiffening"capacitor (1 Farad per 1000W). In Cerwin-Vega Mobile products this is called a CVCAP2

## WARNING:

Avoid running power wires near the low level input cables, antenna, power leads, sensitive equipment or harnesses. The power wires carry substantial current and could radiate noise into the audio system through the audio cables.

1. Plan the wire routing as described in the "Importance of Pre-Planning" section. Keep RCA cables close together but isolated from the amplifier's power cables and any high power auto accessories, especially electric motors. This is done to prevent coupling the noise from radiated electrical fields into the audio signal. When feeding the wires through the firewall or any metal barrier, protect them with plastic or rubber grommets to prevent short circuits. Leave the wires long at this point to adiust for a precise fit ot a later time.

FUSE WIRE DIAGRAM
2. Prepare the power wire for attachment to the amplifier by stripping $5 / 8$ inch ( 15.9 mm ) of insulation from the end of the wire. Insert the bare wire into the B+ terminal And tighten the set screw to secure the cable in place.

## WARNING:

The $B+$ cable MUST be fused $18^{\prime \prime}$ or less from the vehicle's positive battery post. Choose a location to install a waterproof fuseholder under the hood and ensure connections are water tight. If you do not use the appropriate fuseholder, the connection will eventually suffer corrosion from moisture and heat.
3. Trim the power cable within 18 inches ( 45.7 mm ) of the positive battery post and splice in a in-line fuse holder. DO NOT install the fuse at this time.
4. Strip $1 / 2$ inch ( 12.7 mm ) from the battery end of the power cable. Crimp and soldier a large ring terminal to the cable. Connect the ring terminal to the positive (t) battery post.


## Installation

5. Prepare the ground wire for attachment to the amplifier by stripping $5 / 8$ " of insulation from the end of the wire. Always use a wire of the same gauge as the power connection, never smaller. Insert the bare wire into the GND terminal and tighten the set screw to secure the cable in place. Prepare the chassis ground by scraping any paint from the metal sufface and thoroughly clean the area of all dirt and grease. Strip the other end of the wire, crimp and solder a ring connector. Fasten the cable to the chassis using a non-anodized screw with a star washer and a nut.

WARNING: It is important to upgrade the ground connection between the negative (-) battery post and the vehicle body or chassis to achieve optimum electrical performance.
6. Prepare the REM turn-on wire for attachment to the amplifier by stripping $5 / 8$ inch ( 15.9 mm ) of insulation from the end of the wire. Insert the bare wire into the REM terminal and tighten the set screw to secure the wire in place. Connect the other end of the REM wire to a switched 12 volt positive source. The switched voltage is usually taken from the source unit's remote amp turn on lead. If the source unit does not have this output available, the recommended solution is to wire to an accessory terminal in the car's fuse block using a relay to isolate the amplifer from the vehicles accessory circuit. This however will turn the amplifier on and off with the ignition key, regardless of whether the car stereo is on or off.

FUSE CONNECTION DIAGRAM

7. Securely mount the amplifier to the vehicle or amp rack. Be careful not to mount the amplifier on cardboard or plastic panels. Doing so may enable the screws to pull out from the panel due to road vibration or sudden vehicle stops.
8. Connect from source signal by connecting the RCA cudio cables to the input jacks at the amplifier.

RCA CONNECTION DIAGRAM

9. Connect the car speakers. Speakers impedance should never be less than 2 Ohms stereo, 4 Ohms bridged ( the SRPM1100.5D sub channel is stable into 2 ohms). For most applications 18 gauge wire is adequate for the speaker leads. For leads in excess of ten feet, 16 gauge wire is recommended. Strip the speaker wires $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}(12.7 \mathrm{~mm})$ and insert into the speaker terminal block then tighten the set screw to secure into place. When wiring the speakers, pay careful attention to the poloarity of the terminals on the speakers and make certain they correspond to the polsity on the amplifier. DO NOT chassis ground any of the speaker leads as unstable operation or damage to the amplifier and/ or speaker may result.

## System

Placing the $x$-verer switch in the FULL position sets the amplifier to Full Range. This setting allows ALL frequencies to pass to the speakers. With the placing the switch in the HP or LP position activates the 12dB crossover, adiustable from $40 \mathrm{~Hz}-400 \mathrm{~Hz}$. The $750.1 \mathrm{D} / 1000.1 \mathrm{D}$ mono is dedicated for Low Pass (LP) only with an adiustable frequency from $30 \mathrm{~Hz}-300 \mathrm{~Hz}$. The 1100.5 D (5 channel) amplifier offers full range (FULL) high pass (HP)or low pass (LP) selector switch for channels 1-4. Channel 5 (on 1100.5D) is dedicated for subwoofers only but offers an adjustable (LP) crossover from $30 \mathrm{~Hz}-300 \mathrm{~Hz}$.

Placing the switch in the HP position sets the amplifier to the High Pass Filter mode, enabling frequencies above the cutoff point to pass. Placing the switch in the LP position sets the amplifier to the Low Pass Filter mode, enabling frequencies below the cutoff point to pass. For system tuning begin with the frequency set at approximately 80 Hz and fine tune up or down based on music choice and input level.

To adiust the gain setting, turn the amplifier gains all the way down (counterclockwise). If sing a remote level control (ALL SRPM amplifiers but 700.4D), plug the level control into the amplifier and turn it to about "HAL-WAY" (approx. the 12 O'clock position) this setups the bass boost so you can turn it UP ..OR....turn it DOWN when playing different music styles. Next turn the source unit volume up to almost full volume (usually about $2 / 3$ rds of the way up) or until the output starts to distort on an oscilloscope. This will be NEARLY full volume on most source units, perhaps one or two "clicks" down from maximum volume. Next, increase the amplifier gain setting until adequate volume is achieved, or until distortion is audible and then turn it down a bit until the distortion is inaudible.

## NOTE: Ideal signal to noise and dynamic range are achieved with the gain at minimum. Most users find adequate goin and volume is achieved at less than halfway in the adjustment range. Avoid setting the amplifier gain very high as noise and distortion will increase significantly. For a more in depth level setting (gain adjustment) procedure, visit the Cerwin-Vega Mobile website.

The HP or LP crossover adjustment can now be fine tuned. If you are using the amplifier in a HP configuration and would like the system to be a little bit louder you can increase the HP Filter frequency and reset the "Gain" of the ampifier. Raising the HP frequency up to high however will cause a loss of mid range and bass. If you are using the amplifier in a HP filter configurafion and you hear voice or vocals coming from your subwoofer system you can turn the LP Filter frequency down (lower). After setting the input gain adiustment and crossover, you may choose to add a small amount of "Bass Boost" in the low frequency region. There is both a Frequency selection (40-100Hz) AND how much boost ( $0-12 \mathrm{~dB}$ ). Remember that the Bass Boost feature will not fix a poorly designed subwoofer enclosure or subwoofers that didn't sound good to begin with.

## 1. Make sure any bass $E Q$ or low frequency equalization from the source unit is set to OFF or FLAT.

2. While playing the same musical selections used during the gain setting process, slowly increase the level of the Bass EQ . You should be able to notice a change between 0 and $+12 d B$. At the same time adjust frequency slowly from $40-100 \mathrm{~Hz}$. If you do not notice much difference, then it will not serve any benefit to increase the boost further.
3. If the boost has audible benefits without adding appreciable distortion, find a level that suits your taste. Remember: it's much easier to construct the right subwoofer enclosure for your listening preferences than relying on a bass boost control to do the job!

## System

TURN-ON OPTIONS - configure the "Turn-On Mode" switch for desired turn-on trigger. There are 3 modes available on the Bomber series amplifier, REM, DC and VOX. (REM) is the standard 12V trigger wire (DC) or DC offset (when connected high level in, this will sense differences in ground in your wiring through the speaker leads and turn on amplifier), VOX (signal sensing) will sense any kind of signal input into the amplifier RCA turning on the amplifier. The most preferred and reliable method is using the REM setting with a 12 V trigger wire connected to the vehicles headunit switch ouput and will provide instant on and off for the amplifier. VOX and $D C$ will provide turn on capabilities for the amplifier when a 12 V trigger wire is not available. These methods will have some delay in turning the amplifier on and off.


## OPTIONAL SOURCE - BLUETOOTH RECEIVER (BTR7/9/10/12) SETUP

All CVM amplifiers work with these Cerwin Vega Bluetooth receivers: cerwing


The BTR will pair to your phone (or any selected Bluetooth device) and will allow playback through the amplifier to speakers giving you unlimited install options. The CVM line of BTR's have 7 functions - Play, Pause, Volume up/down, Track up/down, Pairing and Power on/off of Bluetooth audio through this one solution. Once paired, the BTR will auto pair the last person paired to the controller when it was powered down. The unit will remember up to 9 users and have memory without battery for up to 30 days.


NOTE: MAKE SURE TO SET
"TURN-ON MODE" TO REM

(CHECK BTR MANUAL FOR WIRING)

## 5 CHANNEL - COMPLETE SYSTEM (SRPM1100.5D)



## Speaker level Input (Hi Level)

This is for OEM radios with NO RCA outputs, only speaker outputs. For each speaker, or subwoofer, that you plan to drive with an amplifier channel, strip back a small part of your vehicle's color-coded left and right speaker wires, then splice in the wires that lead to your amplifier. (Solder or crimp, and secure the connection for optimum performance.)

Driving front seat speakers will require you to run wiring under a door jamb or the floor carpeting to reach the speakers. Likewise, if your amp is under a front seat, the front speakers are more accessible than the rear ones. If your amp is in your trunk, it's a relatively short path to rear deck speakers or a subwoofer.

## SPEAKER LEVEL INPUT (OPTIONAL):

Since the SRPM series amplifiers can take speaker level in we have an optional part to make it easy - CHHILVL. A simple RCA pair with stripped wires to connect to the OEM amplifier/Headunits speaker outputs then plug directly into the SRPM RCA input harness. Just switch how Turn-On works (REM/DC/VOX)


## System Configurations

## 4CHANNEL - SRPM700.4D 3 CHANNEL MODE

Front/Rear


HEAD UNIT
(perferredly with 5 V output)
Speaker setup
(2 ohms on front channels)


Rear Channels Bridged Mono

Subwoofer(4 load)


## System Configurations

## SRPM- 7-CHANNEL/8 SPEAKER MARINE SYSTEM SRPM700.4D - 2 OHM STEREO FRONT/REAR SRPM1 100.5D - 5 CHANNEL 4 OHM FRONT/REAR/2 OHM MONO SUB



CVBTR7


Cabin System connected to 5 Channel Amplifier

5 Channel SRPM1100.5D
PRE OUT FROM 2 CH AMPLIFER TO 5 CH INPUT


1 to 4 Woofers
(Min Impedence 2 Ohms TOTAL)

## System Configurations

# SRPM700.2D <br> STEREO (4 SPEAKERS-2 OHMS) 



## System Configurations

## SRPMT- 5-Chanmel Boat Systenn SRPMTPDOHD - 2 Ohn Stereo Fromt and Rear SRPMTPSO.ID - Miono I ohm Lo Subuwaofer



## PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

| MODEL: | SRPM700.2D | SRPM700.4D | SRPM1100.5D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Power Rating |  |  |  |
| RMS Power ( $2 \Omega$ ) | $350 \mathrm{~W} \times 2$ | 150 W X 4 | 120 W X $4 / 500$ W X 1 |
| RMS Power ( $4 \Omega$ ) | 200 W X 2 | 100 WX 4 | 100 W X 4 / 300 W X 1 |
| Bridged (mono $1 \Omega$ ) | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Bridged (mono $2 \Omega$ ) | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Bridged (mono $4 \Omega$ ) | 700 WX 1 ( $4 \Omega \mathrm{ONLY}$ ) | $300 \mathrm{~W} \times 2$ (4 $\Omega$ ONLY) | 200 WX 2 2 300 W X 1 (4 $\Omega$ ) |


| Type |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Topology | Full-Range Class D | Full-Range Class D | Full-Range Class D |
| Power Supply |  |  |  |
| Power Supply | Full PWM | Full PWM | Full PWM |
| Power Supply Threshold | 10.OVDC17.OVDC | 10.OVDC. 17.OVDC | $\begin{aligned} & 10.0 \mathrm{VDC} \\ & 17.0 \mathrm{VDC} \end{aligned}$ |
| Idle Current | (0.7A) | (0.7A) | (0.7A) |
| Distortion |  |  |  |
| THD (1KHz @4 ${ }^{\text {) }}$ | 0.05\% | 0.07\% | 0.03\% |
| S/N Ratio (A weighted @1W) | -77.2dBA | -77.4dBA | -76.7dBA |
| S/N Ratio (A weighted @ FP) | -98.9dBA | -97.4dBA | -96.7dBA |
| Input Sensitivity |  |  |  |
| Low Input Level | 0.2mV - 10.0 V | 0.2mV-10.0V | 0.2mV - 10.0 V |
| High Input Level | YES | Yes | YES |
| Input Impedance |  |  |  |
| Low Input Level High Input Level | $22 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$ | $22 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$ | $22 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$ |


| Output Stage |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Output Impedance | $0.047 \Omega$ | $0.047 \Omega$ | $0.051 \Omega$ |
| Damping Factor (50Hz @ 4 $)$ ) | ) $>250$ | $>250$ | $>70$ |
| Bandwidth (-3dB) | $10 \mathrm{~Hz}-35 \mathrm{KHz}$ | $10 \mathrm{~Hz}-35 \mathrm{KHz}$ | $10 \mathrm{~Hz}-35 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Crossover (-12dB/Oct) |  |  |  |
| Variable High-Pass | $40 \mathrm{~Hz} \cdot 400 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | $40 \mathrm{~Hz} \cdot 400 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | $40 \mathrm{~Hz}-400 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Variable Low-Pass | $40 \mathrm{~Hz} \cdot 400 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | $40 \mathrm{~Hz} \cdot 400 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | $30 \mathrm{~Hz}-300 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Variable Sub-Sonic | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Fuse Ratings |  |  |  |
| ATC | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Dimensions |  |  |  |
| Lenght x Width x Height (inches) | $8.66 "$ x $5.28^{\prime \prime} \times 1.75^{\prime \prime}$ | $8.66 " \times 5.28^{\prime \prime} \times 1.75^{\prime \prime}$ | $10.25^{\prime \prime} \times 5.28^{\prime \prime} \times 1.75^{\prime \prime}$ |
| Lenght $x$ Width $x$ Height (mm) | $220 \times 134 \times 44.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ | $220 \times 134 \times 44.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ | $260 \times 134 \times 44.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |

## Specifications

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

| MODEL: | SRPM750.1D | SRPM1000.1D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Power Rating RMS Power (1 $\Omega$ ) | 750 W X 1 RMS | 1000 W X 1 RMS |
| RMS Power ( $2 \Omega$ ) | 500 W X 1 RMS | 800 W X 1 RMS |
| RMS Power (4 $\Omega$ ) | 300 W X 1 RMS | 400 W X 1 RMS |
| Type |  |  |
| Topology | Full-Range Class D | Full-Range Class D |
| Power Supply |  |  |
| Power Supply | Full PWM | Full PWM |
| Power Supply Threshold | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 10.OVDC - } \\ & \text { 17.0VDC } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 10.OVDC- } \\ & \text { 17.OVDC } \end{aligned}$ |
| Idle Current | (0.7A) | (0.7A) |
| Distortion |  |  |
| THD (1 KHz @4 ) | 0.05\% | 0.07\% |
| S/N Ratio (A weighted @1W) | -77.2dBA | -77.4dBA |
| S/N Ratio (A weighted @ FP) | -98.9dBA | -97.4dBA |
| Input Sensitivity |  |  |
| Low Input Level | $0.2 \mathrm{mV}-10.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0.2 mV - 10.0 V |
| High Input Level | YES - UP to 25 W RMS | YES - UP to 25 W RMS |
| Input Impedance |  |  |
| Low Input Level | $22 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$ | $22 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$ |
| High Input Level | $22 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$ | $22 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$ |
| Output Stage |  |  |
| Output Impedance | $0.047 \Omega$ | $0.047 \Omega$ |
| Damping Factor (50Hz @ 4 ) | >250 | >250 |
| Bandwidth (-3dB) | $10 \mathrm{~Hz}-350 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | $10 \mathrm{~Hz}-350 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Crossover (-12dB/Oct) |  |  |
| Variable High-Pass | N/A | N/A |
| Variable Low-Pass | $30 \mathrm{~Hz} \cdot 300 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | $30 \mathrm{~Hz}-300 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Variable Sub-Sonic | 10Hz - 55Hz | $10 \mathrm{~Hz} \cdot 55 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Fuse Ratings |  |  |
| ATC | N/A | N/A |
| Dimensions |  |  |
| Lenght $x$ Widhth $x$ Height (inches) | $8.66{ }^{\prime \prime} \times 5.28^{\prime \prime} \times 1.75^{\prime \prime}$ | $10.25^{\prime \prime} \times 5.28^{\prime \prime} \times 1.75^{\prime \prime}$ |
| Lenght $x$ Width $x$ Height (mm) | $220 \times 134 \times 44.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ | $260 \times 134 \times 44.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |

Thank you for purchasing a Cerwin Vega Mobile product and we hope to provide you with countless hours of listening enjoyment.

Cerwin Vega Mobile warrants all of our amplifiers and speakers to be free of defects in materials and workmanship for a period of one (1) year.

This warranty is non-transferable and applies only to the original purchaser from an authorized Cerwin Vega Mobile dealer. If service is required and necessary under this warranty due to manufacturing defect or malfunction, then Cerwin Vega Mobile will repair and/or replace defective product with either new or remanufactured like product at no charge at our discretion.

Damage to product caused by the following will not be covered under this warranty: abuse, accident, misuse, neglect, modifications, repairing attempts, seller/installer misrepresentation.

This warranty does not cover any incidental, consequential, or cosmetic damage due to accidents or normal wear and tear, nor does it cover the cost of removing or reinstallation of the product.
Warranty is void if the products serial number has been removed, defaced, and/or tampered with.

## Warranty Procedure:

We recommend that you contact your Cerwin Vega Mobile authorized dealer where your original purchase was made to initiate all warranty claims. Our authorized dealers can guide you through the warranty procedure to ensure that your claim will be processed in a timely manner. All warranty returns must be accompanied with a proof of purchase (a copy of the original sales receipt) and be shipped freight prepaid to our facility with an RA (Return Authorization) number clearly marked on the outside of the package. Direct returns from consumers or non-authorized dealers will be refused if shipped without a valid RA number authorized by Cerwin Vega Mobile beforehand.

## INTERNATIONAL

Products purchased outside of the U.S.A. are covered only by that country's distributor and not by Cerwin Vega Mobile U.S.A.
Please Ship All Warranty Claims With Pre-Authorized RA Number
To:
CV\&DA Holdings, Inc.
ATTN: Customer Service Department
3761 S. Hill St.
Los Angeles, CA 90007 USA
Please Contact Customer Service for Further Warranty Information: U.S.A.
Tel: 213-261-4161 / Fax: 213-246-2423

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## mobile

1225 E．74．St．－Los Angeles，CA 90021 USA
P 213－261－4161 • F 213－947－4767


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